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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/657,481	09/08/2003	Richard Chiles	3515.1	2662
22886 AFFYMETRIX	7590 01/12/2007 L, INC		EXAMINER	
ATTN: CHIEF IP COUNSEL, LEGAL DEPT. 3420 CENTRAL EXPRESSWAY SANTA CLARA, CA 95051			LIN, JERRY	
			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
	•		1631	
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SHORTENED STATUTOR	Y PERIOD OF RESPONSE	MAIL DATE	DELIVERY MODE	
3 MONTHS 01/12/2		01/12/2007	PAPER	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire 6 MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)				
Office Action Commence	10/657,481	CHILES ET AL.				
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit				
	Jerry Lin	1631				
The MAILING DATE of this communication app Period for Reply	ears on the cover sheet with the c	orrespondence address				
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DA - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period w - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION 16(a). In no event, however, may a reply be tim ill apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from cause the application to become ABANDONE	N. nely filed the mailing date of this communication. D (35 U.S.C. § 133).				
Status		•				
1)⊠ Responsive to communication(s) filed on <u>15 De</u>	ecember 2006					
	Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is					
	closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.					
olooca in additional time practice under E	x parte Quayle, 1999 O.B. 11, 40	73 O.G. 213.				
Disposition of Claims						
4) Claim(s) 1-7,13-20,26-29,31-34,36 and 37 is/ai	e pending in the application.					
4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.						
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.						
6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-7, 13-20, 26-29, 31-34, 36, and 37</u> is/are rejected.						
7) ☐ Claim(s) is/are objected to.						
8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or	election requirement.					
Application Papers						
9) The specification is objected to by the Examiner						
10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) accepted or b) objected to by the Examiner. Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).						
	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	• •				
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correcti						
11) ☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the Ex	aminer. Note the attached Office	Action or form P1O-152.				
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119		,				
12) ☐ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign a) ☐ All b) ☐ Some * c) ☐ None of:	priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)	-(d) or (f).				
1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.						
2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No.						
3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage						
application from the International Bureau	·	in the National Stage				
* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	d				
		-				
1 N						
Attachment(s)						
1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)	4) Interview Summary					
Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08)	Paper No(s)/Mail Da 5) Notice of Informal P					
Paper No(s)/Mail Date 6) Other:						
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DETAILED ACTION

1. Applicant's request for reconsideration of the finality of the rejection of the last Office action is persuasive and, therefore, the finality of that action is withdrawn.

However, in light of newly discovered art, the following rejections are newly applied.

They constitute the complete set presently being applied to the instant application.

Status of the Claims

Claims 1-7, 13-20, 26-29, 31-34, 36, and 37 are under examination.

Claims 8-12, 21-25, 30, and 35 are cancelled.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112, 2nd Paragraph

2. The following is a quotation of the second paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:

The specification shall conclude with one or more claims particularly pointing out and distinctly claiming the subject matter which the applicant regards as his invention.

Claim 27 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being indefinite for failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which applicant regards as the invention.

The instant claim is drawn to both a product (a user computer) and a method (receiving, generating, assembling, displaying). However, a single claims that is drawn to a both a product and a method is indefinite

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 101

3. 35 U.S.C. 101 reads as follows:

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Whoever invents or discovers any new and useful process, machine, manufacture, or composition of matter, or any new and useful improvement thereof, may obtain a patent therefor, subject to the conditions and requirements of this title.

Claim 27 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 101 because the claimed invention is directed to non-statutory subject matter.

The instant claim is drawn to both a product (a user computer) and a method (receiving, generating, assembling, displaying). The instant claims overlaps two different statutory classes of invention set forth in 35 U.S.C. 101 which sets forth the statutory classes of invention in the alternative only.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 4. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

This application currently names joint inventors. In considering patentability of the claims under 35 U.S.C. 103(a), the examiner presumes that the subject matter of the various claims was commonly owned at the time any inventions covered therein were made absent any evidence to the contrary. Applicant is advised of the obligation under 37 CFR 1.56 to point out the inventor and invention dates of each claim that was not commonly owned at the time a later invention was made in order for the examiner to consider the applicability of 35 U.S.C. 103(c) and potential 35 U.S.C. 102(e), (f) or (g) prior art under 35 U.S.C. 103(a).

6. Claims 1-7, 13-20, 26-29, 31-34, 36, and 37 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Neville et al. (US 2005/0196771 A1) in view of Koleszar et al. (US 6,519,583).

The instant claims are drawn to a method of displaying genotype calls from probe array experiments using emission intensity values, and wherein the display includes a first pane that displays a first region of sequence, a second pane that displays a second region of sequence from the first region, and a third pane that displays a third region of sequence from the second region.

Regarding claims 1, 14, and 27, Neville et al. disclose receiving one or more sets of emission intensity data that is associated with a probe on a probe array (page 21, paragraph 0219-0220), generating a plurality of genotype calls which are based partially on the emission intensity values and using models (matrices) to specify nucleic acid compsition (page 5, paragraph 0033-0034); assembling and displaying the genotype calls in or more planes of a graphical user interface (page 6, paragraph 0051; Figure 16B). Neville et al. also disclose a computer with a memory (page 3, paragraph 0023), and implementing his method through executable code (page 24, paragraph 0252-page 25, paragraph 0254). Furthermore, Neville et al. disclose displaying one or more genotype calls in a first, second and third pane (figure 7, and figure 12A-j).

However, Neville et al. doe not explicitly teach a display includes a first pane that displays a first region of sequence, a second pane that displays a second region of sequence from the first region, and a third pane that displays a third region of sequence from the second region.

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Kolezar et al. disclose a method of displaying after receiving biomolecular sequence information that includes a first pane that displays a first region of sequence, a second pane that displays a second region of sequence from the first region, and a third pane that displays a third region of sequence from the second region (column 5, line 5- column 6, line15).

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of invention to combine the methods of Neville et al. and Kolezar et al. in order to gain the benefit of clearly displaying gene loci information to determine the relationship of the gene to other sequences and genes. Neville et al. state that their invention is to address the concern that the method is needed to aid in identify the correlations between genes, gene expression and phenotypes (page 1, paragraph 0003). For this purpose, Neville et al. disclose a method for characterizing particular genes and their alleles. However, Neville et al. disclose their findings in a series of Figures that does not allow further analysis of the sequences to determine their correlation with other genes, gene expression and phenotypes. Kolezar et al. discloses a method of displaying gene sequences in the form of different panes that allow the user to further analyze the sequences by retrieving more information about the sequences (column 2. lines 10-65). By allowing the user to retrieve more information, Kolezar et al.'s method aides a user in determining the relationships among genes (column 1, line 56-column 2, line 9). To further aide in the analysis process, Kolezar et al. also provide alignment tools and annotation information (column 5, lines 40-47; column 12, lines 35-57). Given that Neville et al. provides a goal of identifying the correlations between genes, one of

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ordinary skill in the art would be motivated to include Kolezar et al.'s methods with Neville et al. in order to better analyze the relationship between genes and their alleles.

Regarding claims 2-5 and 15-18, Neville et al. disclose where the emission intensity values are emissions from a scanned probe array (page 21, paragraph 0219-0220); wherein the probes are genotyping probes (page 4, paragraph 0029- page 5, paragraph 0032), sequencing probes (page 21, paragraphs 0218-0221), or SNP probes (page 21, paragraphs 0218-0221).

Regarding claims 6, 7, 19, and 20, Neville et al. disclose where the genotype call includes a A, G, C, T or (n) call (page 32, paragraph 0319) or a SNP call (page 32, paragraph 0319; Figure 17; page 33, paragraph 0331- page 34, paragraph 0333).

Regarding claims 13 and 26, Kolezar et al. disclose wherein the annotation information is received in response to the user and the annotation information is displayed (column 5, lines 40-47).

Regarding claims 28 and 33, Neville et al. disclose wherein the models may be no call, homozygote model, and a heterozygote model (page 32, paragraph 0319)

Regarding claims 29, 31, 32, 34, 36, and 37, Kolezar et al. discloses a selection of any region of a sequence (column 5, lines 40-47; column 11, line 40- column 12, line 35); and an graphical representation of the alignment of sequence information (column 12, lines 35-57).

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Contact Information

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Jerry Lin whose telephone number is (571) 272-2561. The examiner can normally be reached on 10:00am-6:30pm M-F.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Andrew Wang, can be reached on (571) 272-0811. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is (571) 273-8300.

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MICHAEL BORIN, PH.D PRIMARY EXAMINER